

Plant McManus

Monthly Dewatering Results¹

September 2019



	Units	Efflu	ent Concent	ration	Permit Limits			
Parameter		Daily Min ³	Daily Avg ³	Daily Max ³	Daily Min	Daily Avg	Daily Max	
Flow	MGD	0.0	0.0	0.0	***	***	***	
рН	SU	***	***	***	6.00	***	9.00	
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	***	***	***	***	30.0	100.0	
Oil and Grease	mg/L	***	***	***	***	15.0	20.0	

Parameter	Units		Daily			
i arameter		Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Average
		No Discharge	No Discharge	No Discharge	No Discharge	
Turbidity	NTU					***
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L					***
Ammonia	mg/L					***
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L					***
Nitrate-Nitrite	mg/L					***
Organic Nitrogen	mg/L					***
Phosphorus	mg/L					***
Ortho-Phosphorus	mg/L					***
Biological Oxygen Demand	mg/L					***
Hardness	mg/L					***

Danas dan Haita			Effluent Co	ncentration ⁴		Calculated Receiving Water Concentration⁴					Water Quality Criteria⁵	
Parameter	Units	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Average	A1 - 6	01
		No Discharge	No Discharge	No Discharge	No Discharge	No Discharge	No Discharge	No Discharge	No Discharge	Average	Acute ⁶ Chro	Chronic ⁶
Arsenic	μg/L									***	69	36
Cadmium	μg/L									***	40	8.8
Chromium ⁷	μg/L									***	1,100	50
Copper	μg/L									***	4.8	3.1
Lead	μg/L									***	210	8.1
Nickel	μg/L									***	74	8.2
Selenium	μg/L									***	290	71
Zinc	μg/L									***	90	81
Mercury	ng/L									***	1,800	25

- 1 Tetra Tech verifies the correct laboratory analysis methods were used, any applicable permit limits have been met and other results are protective of Georgia EPD's water quality standards.
- 2 ND = Not Detected (below the lab's reporting limit).
- Daily Min and Daily Max are the lowest and highest values for any day in the month. Daily Avg is the the arithmetic average of all daily values during the entire month.
- 4 Calculated Receiving Water Concentration shows the effluent concentration at the discharge once it has fully mixed in the receiving waterbody. This value is calculated as a dissolved concentration for an appropriate comparison to the numeric water quality criteria, which are also in the dissolved form. Consistent with Georgia EPD, non-detectable effluent concentrations are not translated into Calculated Receiving Water Concentrations.
- 5 Numeric Water Quality Criteria is the maximum concentration of a parameter (calculated at a default hardness of 50 mg/L as calcium carbonate) established for the receving waterbody that will be protective of the designated use per Georgia EPD's rules and regulations. Calculated Receiving Water Concentrations less than these criteria are protective of the waterbody.
- 6 Acute (short-term) water quality criterion to be compared with the weekly calculated receiving water concentration; Chronic (long-term) water quality criterion to be compared with the average calculated receiving water concentration.
- 7 Numeric water quality criterion shown is for Hexavalent Chromium.
- *** = Not Applicable
 - mg/L = milligrams per liter = parts per million; $\mu g/L = micrograms$ per liter = parts per billion; ng/L = micrograms per liter = parts per trillion; SU = Standard Units; MGD = Million Gallons Day



Plant McManus

Prepared by:



Monthly Instream Results¹

September 2019

		Burnett Creek ²							
Parameter ³	Units	No Discharge	No Discharge	No Discharge	No Discharge				
		Upstream	Downstream	Upstream	Downstream				
рН	SU								
TSS	mg/L								
O&G	mg/L								
Turbidity	NTU								
TDS	mg/L								
BOD	mg/L								
Arsenic	μg/L								
Cadmium	μg/L								
Chromium	μg/L								
Copper	μg/L								
Lead	μg/L								
Mercury	ng/L								
Nickel	μg/L								
Selenium	μg/L								
Zinc	μg/L								
Ammonia	mg/L								
TKN	mg/L								
Nitrate-Nitrite	mg/L								
Organic Nitrogen	mg/L								
Phosphorus	mg/L								
Ortho-phosphorus	mg/L								
Hardness	mg/L								

- 1 Tetra Tech verifies the correct laboratory analysis methods were used.
- 2 Burnett Creek measured 1000ft upstream and 1000ft downstream of Final Outfall 002.
- 3 Metals results are total recoverable.
- 4 ND = Non-detect

mg/L = milligrams per liter = parts per million; $\mu g/L = micrograms$ per liter = parts per billion;

ng/L = nanograms per liter = parts per trillion; SU = Standard Units; MGD = Million Gallons Day